

ABMC and the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier

1921-2021



Top Image: Wall of the Missing at Cambridge American Cemetery Bottom Image: General Pershing saluting the Unknown Soldier in the U.S. Capitol

ABMC REMEMBERS THE UNKNOWN AMONG OUR FALLEN ABMC SITES AROUND THE WORLD

For a hundred years, the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier has represented NETHERLANDS 1 1 LUXEMBOURG 1 MIDWAY ISLAND America's eternal dedication to honoring not just the unknowns buried UNITED KINGDOM 5 SOUTH KOREA 2 ITALY there, but all unknown dead of America's wars. The American Battle 4 UNITED STATES 4 BELGIUM 6 Monuments Commission shares in that mission, with over 7,500 unknown FRANCE 25 burials of World War I and World War II honored in our cemeteries and SOLOMON ISLANDS NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS over 90,000 missing from the World Wars, Korea, and Vietnam memorialized MOROCCO 1 MEXICO 1 by name on the walls of the missing at our cemeteries and monuments. PANAMA 1 "It would be a very fitting tribute for the TUNISIA 1 nation to pay not only to the unknown dead HERE RESTS IN PHILIPPINES 3 HONORED GLORY but to all who gave their lives and those NEW ZEALAND CUBA 1 AN AMERICAN who risked their lives for their country... NEW GUINEA SOLDIER we can not do too much to honor those NOWN BUT TO GO WWI: OVER 1,600 who lie in France." **UNKNOWNS AT ABMC SITES General Pershing, General Pershing** WWII: ALMOST 6,000 AEF Commander and first ABMC Chairm Today, more than 82,000 Service Members remain unaccounted for after these conflicts. **IDENTIFYING THE UNKNOWNS CIVIL WAR** WORLD WAR II DISINTERNMENTS AT ABMC CEMETERIES 364,511 405,399 60% **82**% TOTAL DEAD TOTAL DEAD IDENTIFIED GUST 2021 **IDENTIFIED** (AS OF AUGUST 202 41 99 57 171 **KOREAN WAR SPANISH AMERICAN WAR** 2017 2019 2020* 2016 2018 36,574 2,446 * fewer disinternments due to the COVID-19 Pandemic 79% TOTAL DEAD TOTAL DEAD **DISTRIBUTION OF DISINTERNMENTS** 269 MANILA 2016 - 2020 IDENTIFIED DENTIFIED 160 ARDENNES AS OF AUGUST 202 S OF AUGUST 202 47 OTHERS 10 DISINTERNMENTS PER SITE EPINAL LUXEMBOURG **VIETNAM WAR WORLD WAR I** BRITTANY CAMBRIDGE HENRI-CHAPELLE 58,220 116,516 LORRAINE SICILY-ROME 70 TOTAL DEAD TOTAL DEAD IDENTIFIED 13 NORMANDY (AS OF AUGUST 202⁻ IDENTIFIED 12 NETHERLANDS (AS OF AUGUST 202 10 RHONE

World War I

In addition to our shared mission, ABMC is connected to the Tomb through our role in the selection of the unknowns of World War I and World War II interred there. On March 4, 1921 the U.S. Congress passed a joint resolution allowing for the selection of an unknown soldier from the American Expeditionary Forces to be entombed at Arlington National Cemetery. The process of the selection and entombment of this unknown soldier was extremely elaborate. One set of unidentified remains were exhumed from four of the overseas WWI cemeteries. These cemeteries were selected as they represent the four major fronts or campaigns that Americans fought on during the Great War: Aisne-Marne American Cemetery for the early fighting at Belleau Wood and Chateau Thierry, Somme American Cemetery, St. Mihiel American Cemetery for the first major American-led offensive, and Meuse-Argonne American Cemetery for the offensive that ended the war. An officer was assigned to each cemetery, where he opened sealed orders specifying which grave to exhume, as well as an alternate should the first remains be found to have some sort of identifying feature or other issue. The exhumations occurred simultaneously at all four cemeteries on Oct. 22, 1921. All paperwork associated with each set of remains was subsequently destroyed to ensure the unknowns could never be identified. The next day the four caskets were transported to Châlons-sur-Marne, where they were guarded overnight by an honor guard from the French and U.S. Armies. Early in the morning on Oct. 24, the caskets were removed from their shipping containers and shifted at random, ensuring that the bodies were completely anonymous. Later that same day, Sgt. Edward F. Younger, a decorated veteran of the war, selected one of the caskets by placing a spray of white roses on it. The remaining three caskets were then resealed and reburied at Meuse-Argonne American Cemetery.



The selected casket was then transported across the Atlantic aboard the USS *Olympia*. On its arrival in Washington, D.C., Nov. 9, 1921, the casket was laid in state in the U.S. Capitol Rotunda until Armistice Day, when a procession carried it from the Capitol to the Arlington National Cemetery, where it was entombed on the eastern plaza of the Memorial Amphitheater. The casket was covered with a layer of French soil brought from Suresnes American Cemetery.

World War II

America's entry into another global war in 1941, this one costing the lives of over 400,000 Americans, soon raised calls for an addition to the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier. The selection of remains was delayed by the Korean War until 1958, when remains from both wars were selected and transported to Arlington with ceremonies modeled after the post-World War I process.



Arlington - TUS Interment

In the Pacific, remains from four unknown graves selected randomly at ABMC's Manila American Cemetery were disinterred on April 22, 1958. The remains were then transported to Hickham Air Force Base in Hawaii where they joined two unknowns from the National Memorial Cemetery of the Pacific (the Punchbowl). A twenty-four hour honor guard watched the caskets until the selection ceremony, May 16, 1958. The selection was made by Col. Glenn T. Eagleston, the top WWII ace of the Ninth Air Force. The five unselected remains were reinterred at the 'Punchbowl' along with the unselected remains from the Korean war selection held the preceding day.

For the European theater, 13 sets of remains were disinterred between Dec. 19, 1957, and Apr. 9, 1958, representing every ABMC cemetery in Europe and Africa other than Cambridge and Epinal. One set of remains was rejected due to possible identifying information, and an alternate was disinterred and substituted. The remains were transported to Frankfurt, Germany, where a rearrangement ceremony was held during which three separate teams of soldiers rearranged the caskets to ensure there was no way to identify which remains came from which cemetery. The remains were then brought to Epinal American Cemetery, where they laid in state at the cemetery chapel. On May 12, 1958, a solemn selection ceremony was held, during which Maj. Gen. Edward J. O'Neill selected one casket to represent the European theater. The unselected remains were returned to ABMC cemeteries where they were reburied after simple ceremonies performed by Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish chaplains.

May 26, 1958, off the Virginia Capes, the Pacific and European WWII unknown candidates, as well as the Korean War unknown, were united aboard the USS *Canberra*. The WWII unknowns were moved to a separate room on board and once again rearranged by a team of sailors to eliminate any connection to their theater of origin before they were moved back above deck. Navy Hospital Corpsman 1st Class William R. Charette, who had earned the Medal of Honor in Korea, made the final selection. The selected remains, along with the Korean War unknown, were transferred to the USS *Blandy* for transport to Washington, while the USS *Canberra* moved to deeper waters and conducted a burial at sea for the unselected WWII unknown, once again following an ecumenical service.

The WWII and Korean War unknowns lay in state in the U.S. Capitol Rotunda until their funeral and interment at Arlington National Cemetery, Memorial Day 1958.

Epinal Ceremony.

Walls of the Missing

The elaborate rituals used to ensure that the unknowns entombed at Arlington National Cemetery would forever be unidentified served an important symbolic function. By removing the possibility of identification, these remains stand in for every Soldier, Sailor, Marine, or Coast Guardsmen who was never identified. While the next of kin of a missing soldier could stand in front of the 'Tomb' and imagine that it is their son buried there, the anonymity of the 'Tomb' extends even further, representing the honor and sacrifice of all those who paid the last full measure of devotion.

This universality at Arlington National Cemetery has its counterpart in the American Battle Monuments Commission's Walls of the Missing. If the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier symbolically represents all missing, ABMC's cemeteries and memorials literally represent them. Each American servicemember missing, lost, or buried at sea from World War I, World War II, Korea, and Vietnam is represented by name on the Walls of the Missing at one of our sites. In total, the various Walls of the Missing honor the memory of 4,456 missing from World War I and 78,985 from World War II. For World War II, this includes the names of the missing memorialized on the Honolulu, East Coast, and West Coast memorials. The 8,201 missing of the Korean War and the 2,504 of the Vietnam War are honored, alongside their comrades from World War II at the Commission's Honolulu Memorial. When a servicemember is identified by the Department of Defense, a rosette is added to the individuals name on the Walls of the Missing to denote that their remains have been recovered and identified.

Such identified remains are the only authorized new burials in ABMC's World War I and World War II cemeteries.

In addition to the names inscribed on the Walls of the Missing, over 1,600 unknowns of World War I and almost 6,000 of World War II are buried in ABMC cemeteries. Their graves are marked, like the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, with the inscription of

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER

CAN SOLDIER KNOWN BUT TO GOD." For World War II, the phrase "A COMRADE IN ARMS" replaced

"HERE LIES IN HONORED GLORY AN AMERI-

"AMERICAN SOLDIER" to better include the fallen of the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard. These headstones, along with the names engraved on the Walls of the Missing, represent ABMC's essential mission of remembering and honoring the service and sacrifice of those Americans who rest in unknown graves.

Oise-Aisne American Cemetery





AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

"Time will not dim the glory of their deeds." GENERAL OF THE ARMIES JOHN J. PERSHING

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